

- Ascospores bent more or less in the middle or almost straight.
 - Ascospores allantoid, oblong, bean or banana-shaped, ratio length / width < 7.....**A**
 - Ascospores cylindrical or vermiciform, ratio length / width > (8) 9.....**B**
- Ascospores bent in the lower third or quarter, geniculate to sigmoid
 - Ascospores geniculate, the bent part tapering into a sharp point
 - Ascospores geniculate or sigmoid, rounded at both ends or only at distal end and then proximal end conical to slightly tapering, sometimes with hyaline appendages.....**D**

A- Perithecia small, glabrous, about 150 µm high, fringed around the base with short brown hyphae 35 – 60 x 3 µm. Ascospores fusoid oblong slightly curved, yellowish, obscurely 7 – 9-septate, 35 – 40 x 6 – 7 µm.....

- *L. trichopus* Ellis & Everh. **A1**
- A1** – Perithecia higher than 250 µm..... **A1**
- A1** – Perithecia glabrous **A2**
- A1** – Perithecia setose..... **A3**
- A1** – Perithecia covered by a tomentum..... **A8**
- A2** – Perithecia smooth, usually densely gregarious. Ascospores allantoid, hyaline, nonseptate, 19 – 23 x 3 – 4 µm.....
..... *L. spermoides* (Hoffm.) Ces. & de Not.
- A2** – Perithecia tuberculate, reminiscent of *Bertia moriformis*. Only known on coniferous wood. Ascospores allantoid, sooty-brown, up to 3 – septate, 28 – 31.5 x 6 – 7 µm..... *L. porifera* Réblová.
- A3** – Ascospores width less than 8 µm..... **A4**
- A3** – Ascospores width more than 8 µm..... **A6**
- A4** – Perithecia black, covered by dark brown conidiophores of an associated *Endophragmiella* and light brown thick-walled setae. Ostiolar neck conical and sulcate. Ascospores banana-shaped, rough, up to 5 – septate, 34 – 42 x 4 – 6.8 µm..... *L. punctata* Munk
- A4** – Perithecia dark brown, covered by thick-walled setae varying from red-brown to whitish. Ostiolar area obtuse, nonsulcate..... **A5**
- A5** – Ascospores allantoid, smooth, 0 – 1-septate, 18 – 22 x 4 – 5 µm.....
..... *L. canescens*² (Alb. & Schwein. : Fr.) Sacc. **A5** – Ascospores banana-shaped with conical ends, wall smooth to verruculose, 1 – 3-septate, 30 – 38 x 5.5 – 7 µm.....
..... *L. strigosa*² (Pers. : Fr.) P. Karst.
- A6** – Ascospores fusoid – oblong with rounded ends, almost straight, 7 – 15 – septate, 45 – 65 x 8 – 10 µm. Perithecia clothed with long stout setae 6 – 7 µm wide, except the papilla..... *L. hystrix* Ellis & Everh.
- A6** – Ascospores wide allantoid, shorter..... **A7**
- A7** – Perithecial wall light brown, apex light brown, almost glabrous, papillate. Ascospores allantoid, smooth to verruculose, yellowish to light brown, 1-3-septate, 25 – 30 x 8 – 12 µm..... *L. pallida*³ sp. nov.
- A7** – Perithecial wall black, apex black and cruciform. Ascospores allantoid to bean-shaped, smooth to minutely verruculose, light yellow, 1-septate, 23 – 34 x 6.8 – 11 µm..... *L. stuprea* Ellis & Everh.
- A8** – Perithecial contents pink. Perithecia 500 µm high, 400 µm in diam., covered by greyish-white sinuate hyphae. Ascospores cylindrical to allantoid,

smooth, pinkish, (28) 36 – 40 (45) x 6 – 7 (8) μm . Ascii without subapical globulus *L. sorbina* (Nyl.) P. Karst.
A8 – Perithecial contents hyaline to yellowish..... **A9**

A9 – Perithecia subglobose 460 – 540 μm high with a caplike apex, covered by a brown tomentum. Ascii with a subapical globulus indistinct or 2 μm in diam. Ascospores oblong with rounded ends, verruculose, yellowish, 1 – 7 septate, 32 – 45 x 6.8 – 8.8 μm *L. capitata* sp. nov.
A9 – Perithecia more conical, 160 – 360 μm high, with a pointed papilla, covered by a yellowish tomentum. Ascii with an irregular subapical globulus 3 – 3.5 μm in diam. Ascospores oblong to clavate, slightly curved, smooth, yellowish, up to 7-septate, 30 – 43.5 x 5.5 – 7.5 μm *L. vestita* sp. nov.

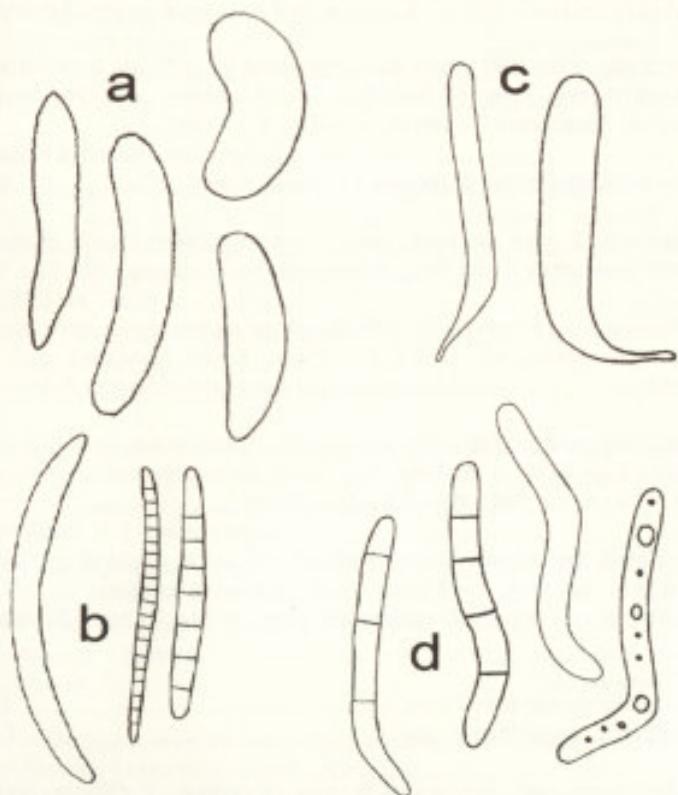


Figure 1: Ascospore shape as considered in the proposed key

- B** – Perithecia glabrous (the apical papilla may be of short setae less than 15 µm long). Subiculum, if present, hardly visible..... **B1**
B – Perithecia setose. Subiculum possibly well developed..... **B6**
- B1** – Ascospores aseptate, 46 – 56 x 6.6 – 7 (-8) µm.....
L. cylindrospora L. N. Vasilyeva **B1**
- B1** – Ascospores multiseptate..... **B2**
- B2** – Ascospores longer than 70 µm..... **B3**
B2 – Ascospores shorter than 70 µm..... **B4**
- B3** – Ascospores 5 – 7 - septate, 80 x 6 µm..... *L. depidata* Fuckel
B3 – Ascospores up to 8 – 12- septate, 90 – 115 x 5 – 5.5 µm.....
L. glabra Rossman
- B4** – Perithecia 430 – 530 µm in diam., peridium 70 – 90 µm thick with a dark brown median layer of brick-like almost opaque cells. Perithecial contents pink. Ascospores 7 – septate, 40 – 50 x 5 – 6 µm.....
L. lapaziana Carroll & Munk.
B4 – Perithecia smaller, not exceeding 250 µm in diam..... **B5**
- B5** – Peridium 12 – 16 µm thick, pseudoparenchymatous. Papilla of short dark brown setae up to 15 µm long. Ascospores 3 – 7 – septate, 50 – 70 x 3 – 4 µm..... *L. ellisi*⁴ M. E. Barr
B5 – Peridium 20 – 35 µm thick, with an opaque carbonaceous inner layer. Ascospores 9- septate, 40 – 50 x 4 – 5 µm. Found associated with *L. spermoides*..... *L. mycophila* Carroll & Munk
- B6** – Perithecia globose, 500 – 700 µm in diam.. Setae brown, up to 200 µm long, 12 – 14 µm wide at the base. Ascospores nonseptate with a proximal apiculus 7 – 8 µm long, 64 – 68 x 3.5 – 4 (-4.5) µm.....
*L. angustispora*⁵ L.N.Vasilyeva
B6 – Perithecia conical with a flattened base, 250 – 300 µm in diam. Setae black, up to 60 µm long, 4 – 5 µm wide at the base. Ascospores 13 – 17 – septate, 50 – 65 x 2 – 4 µm... *L. raciborskii*. (Penz. & Sacc.) Carroll & Munk
- C** – Ascospores shorter than 45 µm..... **C1**
C – Ascospores longer than 45 µm..... **C3**
- C1** – Ascospores not pigmented in ascii, 1-septate. Perithecia partly immersed, often covered by reddish - brown aseptate setae. Ascospores hyaline to light brown, (18-) 23 – 32 x 3.5 – 4.5 (-5.5) µm.....
L. munkii R & O Hilber.

C1 – Ascospores already pigmented in asci, 3 – 6- septate..... **C2**

C2 – Ascospore width more than 4.5 μm , 3- septate, at times with a rounded diverticule at the distal end, 28 – 33 x 4.5 – 6 μm *L. sp. I*

C2 – Ascospore width less than 4.5 μm , becoming sooty - grey, 3 – 6 – septate, 40 – 46 x 3.2 – 4 μm *L. breviseta* P. Karst.

C3 – Perithecia covered by reddish - brown stiff setae, rarely 1 – septate near the base. Ascospores hyaline to yellowish, 3 – septate, 48 – 58 x 3.5 – 3.8 μm *L. rufa* sp. nov.

C3 – Perithecia covered by long black shining septate setae. Ascospores longer..... **C4**

C4 – Ascospores hyaline to light brown, 5 – 8 (10) – septate, (55) 62 – 90 x (4) 4.5 – 6 (7.2) μm *L. meznaensis* R. Hilber

C4 – Ascospores hyaline to yellowish, 3-septate, 55 – 68 x 6 μm *L. caudata* (Fuckel) Sacc.

D – Ascospores shorter than 30 μm . Perithecia small-sized, 250 – 400 μm in diam., seated in a brown subiculum. Ascospores sigmoid, hyaline, nonseptate, (19.6) 22 – 27 x 4.5 – 5 (6) μm *L. insignis* L. N. Vasilyeva
D – Ascospores longer than 30 μm **D1**

D1 – Perithecial wall membranaceous, fragile. Perithecia immersed in wood at least in first stages..... **D2**

D1 – Perithecial wall leathery. Perithecia superficial..... **D4**

D2 – Ascospores olive - brown to brown, geniculate, 1 – 3 (4) – septate, 28.5 – 36.8 x 5.5 – 7.5 μm *L. volvestriana* sp. nov.

D2 – Ascospores hyaline, sigmoid turning geniculate..... **D3**

D3 – Ascospores nonseptate, 50 – 60 x 5 – 6 μm . Perithecial contents chrome – yellow. Perithecia becoming superficial..... *L. glabrata* (Fr.) Munk

D3 – Ascospores up to 7-septate, (38) – 43 – 51 x (3.5)- 4.2 - 4.6(5.7) μm . Perithecial contents hyaline to yellowish. Perithecia remaining immersed..... *L. immersa* P. Karst.

D4 – Peridium with an outer layer of *textura prismatica* to *epidermoidea*. Perithecia covered by a whitish tomentum..... **D5**

D4 – Peridium pseudoparenchymatous. If present, tomentum dark brown. **D6**

D5 – Ascospores smooth, hyaline to yellowish, appendaged when young, 42 – 46 x 5 μm , subapical globulus warted, hyaline, 3 μm in diam.....

- *L. ovina* (Pers. : Fr.) Ces. & de Not.
- D5** – Ascospores pitted, yellowish, appendaged when young, 42 – 46 x 5 µm, subapical globulus echinulate, golden – brown, 4 – 5 µm in diam.....
..... *L. chrysentera* Carroll & Munk
- D6** – Ascospores already pigmented in ascii, geniculate, proximal end attenuated, 3 – 4 – septate, 42 – 55 x 4 – 4.6 µm. Perithecia roughly tuberculate, with a conical sulcate ostiolar neck, covered by robust brown setae..... *L. moseri* O. Hilber
- D6** – Ascospores hyaline in ascii, possibly becoming yellowish to light brown at maturity..... **D7**
- D7** – Ascospores sigmoid, hyaline, with acute fugacious appendages when young, becoming geniculate, light brown and up to 7(8)-septate when mature, 50 – 72 x 5 – 7 µm. Perithecia almost glabrous to densely setose, tuberculate
..... *L. hirsuta*⁶ (Fr.) Ces. & de Not.
..... *L. hispida* (Tode : Fr.) Fuckel
..... *L. tuberculosa* Carroll & Munk
..... *L. rhacodium* (Pers. : Fr.) Ces. & de Not.
- D7** – Ascospores remaining hyaline at maturity, shorter..... **D8**
- D8** – Perithecia covered by a dark brown tomentum. Ostiolar neck well differentiated, black, coarsely pitted. Ascospores sigmoid, nonappendaged, 1 – 3-septate, (43) 46 – 53 (58) x 3.5 – 5 µm..... *L. sp. 2*
- D8** – Perithecia glabrous, upper portion conical becoming sulcate when dry. Ascospores sigmoid, distal end slightly capitate, proximal end with a blunt gelatinous appendage, up to 12 – septate, 42 – 55 x 3.5 – 5 µm.....
..... *L. pyramidata* Carroll & Munk
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